

ECONOMONITOR™ - 3-PIN SYSTEM SUPERVISOR WITH POWER SUPPLY MONITOR AND WATCHDOG

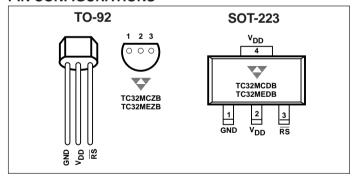
FEATURES

- Incorporates the Functionality of the Industry Standard TC1232 (Processor Monitor, Watchdog and Manual Override RESET Controller) into a Small, Lower Cost Package
- **Guards Against Unstable Processor Operation** Resulting from Power "Brown-Out"
- Automatically Halts and Restarts an Out-of-**Control Microprocessor**
- Output can be Wire-ORed, or Hooked to Manual **RESET Push-button Switch**
- Space-Saving 3-Pin TO-92 or SOT-223 Package

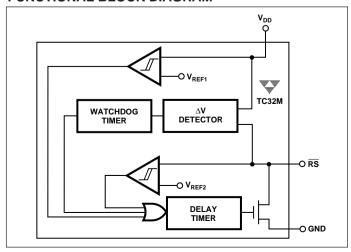
APPLICATIONS

- **All Microprocessor-Based Systems**
- **Battery Powered Computers and Controllers**
- **Automotive Systems**
- Intelligent Instruments
- **Critical Processor Monitoring**
- **Embedded Controllers**

PIN CONFIGURATIONS



FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The TC32M is a fully-integrated processor supervisor in a 3-pin package. It provides three important functions to safeguard processor sanity: precision power on/off RESET control, watchdog timer and external RESET override.

On power-up, the TC32M holds the processor in the reset state for a minimum of 500msec after V_{DD} is within tolerance to ensure a stable system start-up. Microprocessor sanity is monitored by the on-board watchdog circuit. The microprocessor must provide a high-to-low level shift (through an external resistor divider) on the RS pin of the TC32M. Should the processor fail to supply this signal within the specified timeout period (typically 700msec), an out-ofcontrol processor is indicated and the TC32M issues a processor reset as a result.

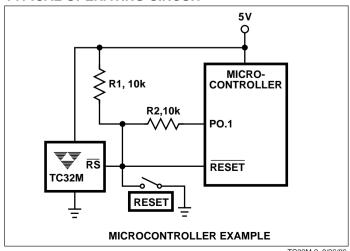
The output of the TC32M can be wire-ORed with a pushbutton switch (or electronic signal) to override the TC32M and unconditionally reset the processor. When connected to a push-button switch, the TC32M provides contact debounce.

The TC32M is packaged in a space-saving TO-92 or SOT-223 package. It provides all of the functionality of the industry standard TC1232 in a smaller, lower cost configuration.

ORDERING INFORMATION

Package	Temperature Range
SOT-223	0°C to +70°C
TO-92	0°C to +70°C
SOT-223	– 40°C to +85°C
TO-92	− 40°C to +85°C
	SOT-223 TO-92 SOT-223

TYPICAL OPERATING CIRCUIT



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TC32M

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS *

Supply Voltage	+6.0V
Input Voltage, Any Pin (GND - 0.3	$(3V)$ to $(V_{DD} + 0.3V)$
Operating Temperature Range	
TC32MC Package	0°C to +70°C
TC32ME Package	– 40°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature Range	. – 65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)	+300°C

^{*} Static-sensitive device. Unused devices must be stored in conductive material. Protect devices from static discharge and static fields. Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Rating Conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS, DC: $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to +85°C, unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V_{DD}	Supply Voltage		4.5	_	5.5	V
V_{IH}	RS Input HIGH Level for F	РВ	2.0	_	_	V
V _{IL}	RS Input LOW Level for F	В	_	_	0.3	V

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS, DC: $V_{DD} = 4.5V$ to 5.5V; $T_A = -40$ °C to 85°C, unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
I _{IL}	RS Input Leakage		- 1		+1	μΑ
I _{OL}	RS Output Current	V _{OL} = 0.4V	2.0	10	_	mA
I _{CC}	Operating Current	Note 1	_	50	200	μΑ
V _{STH}	RS Strobe HIGH Level	Figure 1	(V _{DD} – 0.5)	_	_	V
V _{STL}	RS Strobe LOW Level	Figure 1	2.00	_	(V _{DD} – 1.5)	V
V _{RST}	RESET Threshold	V _{DD} Falling (Note 2, Figure 3)	4.25	_	4.50	V

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS, CAPACITANCE: T_A = 25°C, unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance		_	_	5	pF
C _{OUT}	Output Capacitance		_	_	7	pF

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS, AC: $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 5\text{V} \pm 10\%$, unless otherwise specified.

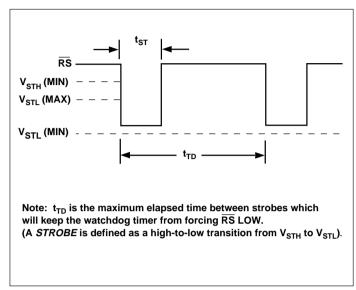
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t _{RST}	RESET Active Time	Figure 2	500	700	900	msec
t _{ST}	RS STROBE Pulse Width	Figure 1	500	_	_	nsec
t _{TD}	Watchdog Timeout Period	Figure 1	500	700	900	msec
t _{RPD}	V _{DD} Detect to RS LOW	Figure 3	_	_	100	nsec

NOTES: 1. No output load.

2. All voltages referenced to ground.

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TC32M



t_{RST} t_{RPD}

Figure 1. Watchdog Strobe

Figure 3. Power Up / Down Reset Timing

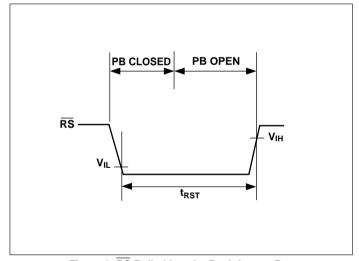


Figure 2. RS Pulled Low by Push-button Reset

PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	GND	Ground.
2	V_{DD}	The +5V power supply input.
3	RS	RESET/STROBE (Bidirectional). The open drain goes active if: 1. V _{DD} falls below 4.5V nominal. 2. If pulled low by an external electronic signal or switch closure. 3. If the watchdog is not strobed within the minimum watchdog timeout period. 4. During power-up and power-down.
		In the input mode, \overline{RS} connects to a voltage level shift network (typically a resistor divider to V_{DD} .) The watchdog timer is reset when processor causes a voltage level $\leq V_{STL}$ to be applied to \overline{RS} .
4	V_{DD}	The +5V power supply input. (SOT-223 only).

TC32M

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The TC32M provides three important functions to safeguard stable processor operation: precision processor monitor, watchdog sanity timer and external override reset control.

Processor Monitor

The RS pin is immediately driven low any time V_{DD} is below the nominal threshold voltage. As a result, this pin is LOW when power is initially applied, holding the processor in its reset state. RS remains low for a minimum of 500msec after V_{DD} is within tolerance to allow the power supply and processor to stabilize.

Watchdog Timer

The processor drives the RS pin with an input/output (I/O) line in series with an resistor voltage divider to V_{DD} . Pulling the bottom resistor of this divider low results in an internal voltage change (strobe) sufficient to reset the watchdog timer, but above the V_{IL} input threshold of the processor RESET pin. The processor must continuously apply strobes in this manner within a set period to verify proper software execution. A momentary reset (500msec minimum) is generated by the TC32M if a hardware or software failure keeps \overline{RS} from being strobed within the watchdog timeout period. This action typically initiates the processor's power-up routine. If the interruption persists, new reset pulses are generated each timeout period until \overline{RS} is strobed. This timeout period is typically 700msec.

The software routine that drives the RS strobe must be in a section of the program that executes frequently enough

so the time between toggles is less than one watchdog timeout period. The strobe signal can be derived from microprocessor address, data and/or control signals. Typical circuit examples are shown in Figure 4.

Resistor Value Selection

The values of R1 and R2 must be chosen to ensure a valid low strobe level (V_{STL}) on RS when the processor I/O line is low. The use of $10k\Omega$, $\pm 5\%$ tolerance resistors are recommended. These values result in a nominal strobe level of 2.5 on RS (min/max of 2.13V / 3.08V, assuming V_{DD} = 5.0V $\pm 10\%$). Other resistor values can be used, so long as the additive tolerances of the power supply and resistor values result in a strobe that falls within V_{STH} and V_{STL} under all additive tolerance conditions.

External Override Reset Control

A built-in debounce circuit allows a push-button switch (PB) or other electronic signal to be wire-ORed to this pin as an external RESET override control. The external RESET is required to be an active low signal. Internally, this input is timed to provide a minimum RESET pulse width of 500msec. Reference Figure 2.

Supply Monitor Noise Sensitivity

The TC32M is optimized for fast response to negative-going changes in V_{DD} . Systems with an inordinate amount of electrical noise on V_{DD} (such as systems using relays), may require a $0.01\mu F$ bypass capacitor to reduce detection sensitivity. This capacitor should be installed as close to the TC32M as possible to keep the capacitor lead length short.

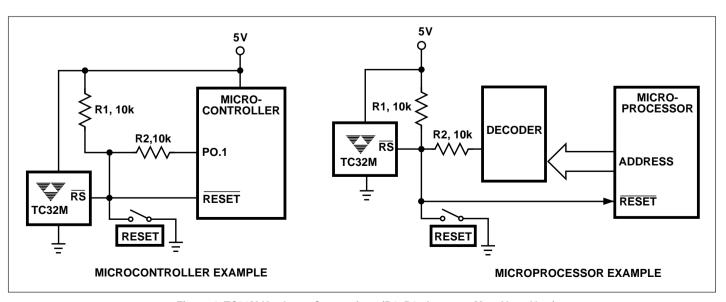


Figure 4. TC32M Hardware Connections (R1, R2 chosen to Meet V_{STH} , V_{STL})